



**“FILOLOGIK KOMPARATIVISTIKA VA
TARJIMASHUNOSLIK MASALALARI”**
mavzusidagi xalqaro ilmiy-amaliy konferensiya
2025-yil, 12-13-noyabr

**“PROBLEMS OF COMPARATIVE
PHILOLOGY AND TRANSLATION
STUDIES”**
international scientific and practical conference
November 12-13, 2025



O‘ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI OLIY TA’LIM, FAN VA
INNOVATSIYALAR VAZIRLIGI

ALISHER NAVOIY NOMIDAGI
TOSHKENT DAVLAT O‘ZBEK TILI VA ADABIYOTI
UNIVERSITETI

TARJIMA NAZARIYASI VA AMALIYOTI KAFEDRASI

**“FILOLOGIK KOMPARATIVISTIKA VA
TARJIMASHUNOSLIK MASALALARI”**

mavzusidagi xalqaro ilmiy-amaliy konferensiya to‘plami

2025-yil, 12-13-noyabr

THE MINISTRY OF HIGHER EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND
INNOVATIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

ALISHER NAVO‘I TASHKENT STATE UNIVERSITY
OF UZBEK LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

THE DEPARTMENT OF “TRANSLATION THEORY AND PRACTICE”

Proceedings of the International Scientific and Practical Conference titled

**“PROBLEMS OF COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY
AND TRANSLATION STUDIES”**

November 12-13, 2025

Tashkent – 2025

UO‘K 845.711.05

KBK 133.585.3 “Filologik komparativistika va tarjimashunoslik masalalari” mavzusidagi xalqaro ilmiy-amaliy konferensiya to‘plami. – Toshkent, 2025. – 889 b.

ISBN 978-9910-8871-6-1

Mas’ul muharrir:
Shuhrat SIROJIDDINOV

akademik

Alisher Navoiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat o‘zbek tili va adabiyoti universiteti rektori

Tahrir hay’ati:

Nozliya Normurodova (O‘zbekiston), Zuhridin Isomiddinov (O‘zbekiston), Elizabetta Ragagnin (Italiya), Gabriela Shtoecli (Shveytsariya), Qosimboy Mamurov (O‘zbekiston), Sayed Mohamed Ahmad Korayem (Misr), Uzoq Jo‘raqulov (O‘zbekiston), Gulnoz Xalliyeva (O‘zbekiston), Yurgen Yakob Beker (Germaniya), Kemal Yavuz Ataman (Turkiya), Xurram Raximov (O‘zbekiston), Natalya Filimonova (Rossiya), Nedim Bakirci (Turkiya), Farhad Rahimi (Eron), Xayrulla Hamidov (O‘zbekiston), Elmira Adilbekova (Qozog‘iston), Sag‘inbek O‘rinboev (Qirg‘iziston), Zulxumor Xolmanova (O‘zbekiston), Mahmadiyor Asadov (O‘zbekiston), Ziyodaxon Teshaboyeva (O‘zbekiston), Dilnavoz Yusupova (O‘zbekiston), Islomjon Yakubov (O‘zbekiston), Nargiza Rashidova (O‘zbekiston), Sabohat Qahharova (O‘zbekiston), Hafiza Qo‘chqorova (O‘zbekiston,) Nigora Sulaymonova (O‘zbekiston), Dilafruz Muhammadiyeva (O‘zbekiston), Dostonbek Ahmadov (O‘zbekiston), Dilnoza Shonazarova (O‘zbekiston).

Mazkur xalqaro konferensiya materiali filologik komparativistika va tarjimashunoslikning dolzarb nazariy hamda amaliy masalalarini zamonaviy ilmiy yondashuvlar asosida yoritishga bag‘ishlanadi. To‘plamda turli milliy adabiyotlar, tillar va madaniyatlar o‘rtasidagi o‘zaro ta’sir, adabiyotlararo aloqalar, qiyosiy-tipologik va qiyosiy-genetik tadqiqotlar, badiiy va maxsus matnlarni tarjima qilish muammolari, tarjima strategiyalari va ekvivalentlik masalalari tahlil qilinadi. Shuningdek, konferensiya materiallarida tarjima nazariyasining zamonaviy konsepsiyalari, tarjimon kompetensiyasini shakllantirish, tarjimoni o‘qitish metodikasi, madaniyatlararo kommunikatsiya hamda globallashuv sharoitida tarjimaning ijtimoiy-madaniy ahamiyati kabi masalalar keng yoritiladi. Ilmiy maqolalar filologik komparativistika va tarjimashunoslik sohalarida faoliyat yuritayotgan olimlar, tadqiqotchilar, doktorantlar, magistrantlar hamda talabalar uchun mo‘ljallangan bo‘lib, fanlararo integratsiyani kuchaytirishga hamda nazariya va amaliyot uyg‘unligini ta’minlashga xizmat qiladi.

Mualliflar qarashi va asarlar nomlaridagi imlo tahririyat nuqtayi nazaridan farqlanishi mumkin.

To‘plam Alisher Navoiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat o‘zbek tili va adabiyoti universiteti Ilmiy-texnik kengashining 2025-yil 17-dekabrda 6-sonli yig‘ilish qaroriga asosan nashrga tavsiya etilgan.

UO‘K 845.711.05

KBK 133.585.3 Proceedings of the International Scientific-Practical Conference on the topic
“Problems of comparative philology and translation studies”. – Tashkent, 2025. – 889 p.

ISBN 978-9910-8871-6-1

Editor-in-Chief:

Shuhrat SIROJIDDINOV

Academician

Rector of Alisher Navo'i Tashkent State University of Uzbek Language and Literature

Editorial Board:

Nozliya Normurodova (Uzbekiston), Zuhridin Isomiddinov (Uzbekiston), Elizabetta Ragagnin (Italy), Gabriela Stöckli (Switzerland), Qosimboy Mamurov (Uzbekiston), Sayed Mohamed Ahmad Korayem (Egypt), Uzok Djoraqulov (Uzbekiston), Gulnoz Khallieva (Uzbekiston), Jürgen Yakob Beker (Germany), Kemal Yavuz Ataman (Turkiye), Khurram Rakhimov (Uzbekiston), Natalya Filimonova (Russia), Nedim Bakirci (Turkiye), Farhad Rahimi (Iran), Khayrulla Hamidov (Uzbekiston), Elmira Adilbekova (Kazakhstan), Sag‘inbek O‘rinboyev (Kyrgyzstan), Zulxumor Xolmanova (Uzbekiston), Mahmadiyor Asadov (Uzbekiston), Ziyodakhon Teshaboyeva (Uzbekiston), Dilnavoz Yusupova (Uzbekiston), Islomjon Yakubov (Uzbekiston), Nargiza Rashidova (Uzbekiston), Sabohat Qahharova (Uzbekiston), Hafiza Qo‘chqorova (Uzbekiston,) Nigora Sulaymonova (Uzbekiston), Dilafruz Muhammadiyeva (Uzbekiston), Dostonbek Akhmadov (Uzbekiston), Dilnoza Shonazarova (Uzbekiston).

This international conference articles are dedicated to illuminating the current theoretical and practical issues in philological comparativistics and translation studies based on the modern scientific approaches. The collection analyzes of mutual influences between different national literatures, languages and cultures; interliterary connections; comparative-typological and comparative-genetic studies; the issues of translating literary and specialized texts; translation strategies and problems of equivalence. Furthermore, the conference materials extensively cover the topics such as: contemporary concepts in translation theory, the formation of a translator competence, methodologies for teaching translation, intercultural communication and socio-cultural significance of translation in the context of globalization. The given scientific articles are intended to scientists, researchers, doctoral students, master’s students and undergraduate students who actively working in the fields of philological comparativistics and translation studies and they serve to strengthen interdisciplinary integration as well as to ensure the harmony between theory and practice.

The views expressed in the articles do not necessarily reflect those of the editorial board.

The publication was recommended by the Scientific and Technical Council of Alisher Navo'i Tashkent State University of Uzbek Language and Literature on December 17, 2025.

THE SPECIAL LEXICON OF EMERGENCY SITUATIONS IN GLOBAL LINGUISTICS

*Malohat Badalbayeva,
Associate professor of
Renessans Education University*

Abstract. This article analyzes approaches to the study of special lexicon related to emergency situations in global linguistics. Using corpus analysis, semantic analysis, cognitive linguistics, and interdisciplinary methods, the composition, semantic fields, and communicative significance of the special lexicon have been identified. The research results show that emergency lexicon consists of brief and precise expressions that differ across languages depending on cultural and political contexts. The article also discusses prospects for advancing linguistic research on emergencies through automated tools. This work provides important information for scientific studies in linguistics, security, psychology, and communication.

Keywords: *emergency situations, special lexicon, global linguistics, corpus analysis, semantic analysis, cognitive linguistics, interdisciplinary approach, comparative linguistics, security linguistics, communication.*

Annotatsiya. Ushbu maqola dunyo tilshunosligida favqulodda vaziyatlarga oid maxsus leksikani o‘rganish yondashuvlarini tahlil qiladi. Korpus tahlili, semantik tahlil, kognitiv tilshunoslik va interdisipliner metodlar yordamida maxsus leksikaning tarkibi, semantik sohalari va kommunikativ ahamiyati aniqlangan. Tadqiqot natijalari favqulodda leksikaning qisqa va aniq iboralar shaklida bo‘lib, turli tillarda madaniy va siyosiy kontekstlarga bog‘langan holda farqlanishini ko‘rsatadi. Maqola favqulodda vaziyatlardagi tilshunoslik tadqiqotlarini avtomatlashtirilgan vositalar bilan rivojlantirish istiqbollari ham muhokama qiladi. Bu ish tilshunoslik, xavfsizlik, psixologiya va kommunikatsiya sohasida ilmiy tadqiqotlar uchun muhim ma’lumotlar beradi.

Kalit so‘zlar: *favqulodda vaziyatlar, maxsus leksika, dunyo tilshunosligi, korpus tahlili, semantik tahlil, kognitiv tilshunoslik, interdisipliner yondashuv, taqqoslashli lingvistik, xavfsizlik tilshunosligi, kommunikatsiya.*

Introduction. Emergency situations are events that cause unexpected and extraordinary impacts on human life and social activity. In such cases, precise, rapid, and effective communication through language is crucial. Therefore, the special lexicon related to emergency situations terms like signaling, warning, evacuation attracts special attention as an object of study in global linguistics.

Rapid and precise communication through language in emergencies is of vital importance. Hence, the special lexicon related to emergency situations terms concerning safety, signaling, warning, evacuation—is considered a distinct object of study in global linguistics. This lexicon is especially necessary for swift and effective communication in emergencies and plays a significant role in linguistics [Nabiyev, 2021].

The emergency lexicon in world languages is multifaceted, containing terms describing hazards, signals, and states. This article analyzes modern linguistic approaches to studying this lexicon based on corpus analysis, semantic analysis, cognitive linguistics, and interdisciplinary methods.

Modern society increasingly faces natural and technogenic hazards. Military actions and the risks arising from them still persist. In this regard, nearly all countries worldwide and several international organizations are seeking more effective ways and methods to prevent accidents, disasters, and natural calamities and to mitigate their consequences. Communication in these processes mainly pertains to professional communication, based on the standardized terminology of emergency situations (hereinafter ES). Analysis of modern terminological studies shows that in our country’s terminology science, the issues of emergency situation terminology, especially the features of its structural-semantic organization, are still insufficiently studied. Scientific study of ES terminology, aimed at identifying its specific semantic, structural, conceptual, and functional features, is not only a relevant but also a promising scientific direction.

The relevance of the research is explained by the following:

- the need to develop general terminology theory and study the terminological systems of specific fields;
- interests in the field of historical terminology, namely studies aimed at identifying development trends of recent terminologies;
- the attention of specialists in cognitive terminology to the formation and modeling of professional worldview;
- the needs of terminological lexicography for recording, normalizing, and codifying field-specific terms and concepts.

The theoretical basis of the research includes works by scholars such as K.Ya. Averbukh, Ye.V. Bekisheva, L.Yu. Buyanova, N.V. Vasilieva, G.O. Vinokur, M.N. Volodina, Ye.I. Golovanova, B.N. Golovin, S.V. Grinev, V.P. Danilenko, V.S. Zvygintsev, N.V. Isaeva, S.G. Kazarina, N.V. Kozlovskaya, I.Yu. Kukhno, V.M. Leychik, T.S. Kogotkova, Z.I. Komarova, L.L. Kutina, S.I. Madzhaeva, L.A. Manerko, G.P. Melnikov, S.E. Nikitina, V.F. Novodranova, N.V. Podolskaya, V.N. Prokhorova, A.V. Sineleva, Yu.V. Slozhenikina, E.A. Sorokina, A.V. Superanskaya, V.D. Tabanakova, Ye.A. Fedorchenko, O.V. Felde, S.P. Khizhniak, S.D. Shelov, N.A. Shurygin and others who conduct scientific and practical research in the field of general theory of terms and specialized terminological systems, including semantic, structural, conceptual, and functional characteristics of the emergency situations phenomenon [Zaitseva, dissercat.com].

The special lexicon of emergency situations can be used in practical terminological activities for normalizing existing thematic dictionaries or creating new ones. The lexico-semantic schema can be applied in the training of specialists for emergency systems and in the systematization of terminology.

Many researchers, such as A.S. Zaytseva and others, apply a systematic approach in studying the methodology of describing and analyzing the terminology of emergency situations. In the research, methods such as lexicographic, lexico-semantic analysis, modeling of terminological systems, as well as corpus and discourse analysis methods are used. These approaches help to determine the structure, functional properties, and thematic features of the lexicon, as well as the processes of its formation and functioning in specialized communication fields, including media discourses and professional training of emergency specialists.

Methodology. The following methods were applied in the study of the special lexicon related to emergency situations:

Method	Definition	Example
Corpus analysis	Emergency situation texts and warning messages are collected into a corpus, and the frequency of words and phrases is analyzed.	For example, determining how frequently words like “evacuation,” “risk,” and “signal” are used in emergency messages.
Semantic analysis	The meanings of the lexicon and their use in context are studied.	Determining how the term “signal” acquires meaning in different situations.
Cognitive linguistics	It analyzes the connections between language and human cognitive processes.	Studying how people make rapid decisions in emergencies through specific lexical units.
Interdisciplinary approach	Integration of linguistics, psychology, safety sciences, and communication theories.	The role of lexicon in improving communication effectiveness in emergency situations.

Comparative linguistics	Similarities and differences of emergency lexicon in different languages are compared.	Semantic and pragmatic differences between the English word “evacuation” and the Uzbek word “evakuatsiya.”
-------------------------	--	--

Many linguistic approaches were applied in the study of the special lexicon related to emergency situations. Using corpus analysis, texts and warning messages related to emergency situations were collected into a corpus, and the frequency and contexts of lexicon usage were analyzed. Corpus linguistic techniques allow linguists to study large amounts of text material quickly and effectively (Dadaboyev, 2019).

Additionally, semantic approaches and cognitive linguistics methods were applied in the analysis of emergency terms and expressions, which helped determine the place of the special lexicon in human cognition. Interdisciplinary methods were used to study the social, psychological, and communicative aspects of the emergency lexicon (Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the system for prevention and elimination of emergencies, 2017; Allayorov & Tojiboyev, 2007).

Results.

1. The lexicon related to emergency situations is divided into the following semantic groups:

Semantic group	Examples	Note
Hazards and threats	hazard, explosion, fire	Expresses the risk factors of emergency situations
Signals and warning systems	signal, warning, siren	Elements providing rapid notification about emergency situations
Implementation actions	evacuation, protection, behaviour	Instructions on when and how to act

2. Corpus analysis showed that emergency lexicon is often short, precise, and universal, which increases communication efficiency.

3. Comparative studies revealed that emergency lexicon varies across world languages depending on state policies and cultural traditions.

The results of corpus analysis demonstrated that the special lexicon related to emergency situations is characterized by brevity, precision, and universality, and plays an important role in enhancing communication efficiency (Dadaboyev, 2019). This lexicon is divided into semantic groups such as danger, signal, evacuation, warning, and varies across languages depending on cultural and political contexts (Nabiyev, 2021).

Discussion. The results of the study provide the following conclusions regarding the study of emergency lexicon in world linguistics:

Corpus linguistics enables effective analysis of emergency lexicon as the use of large amounts of real text data helps identify various aspects of the lexicon under study.

Semantic and cognitive approaches facilitate a more accurate understanding of the place of this lexicon in human cognition and communication.

An interdisciplinary method allows consideration of psychological and social factors in managing emergencies through language.

In-depth study of the special lexicon is necessary for rapid detection and response to texts related to emergencies using automatic language processing and artificial intelligence.

The obtained results confirm the effectiveness of interdisciplinary and cognitive approaches in studying the special lexicon of emergency situations in world linguistics. The article also discusses the prospects of applying automated linguistic tools and artificial intelligence in detecting and managing emergencies (Dadaboyev, 2019; Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the system for prevention and elimination of emergencies, 2017).

References

1. Nabiyeu, A. B. (2021). Emergency Situations and Population Protection [Lecture Notes]. Namangan State University. https://namdu.uz/media/Books/pdf/2024/07/25/NamDU-ARM-11338-Favqulodda_vaziyatlar_va_aholi_muhofazasi.pdf
2. Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the System for Prevention and Elimination of Emergency Situations. <https://lex.uz/acts/-3223793>
3. Allayorov, Y., & Tojiboyev, Y. Basics of Emergency Medical Aid [Electronic resource] [https://e-library.sammu.uz/uploads/books/Uzbek%20tilidagi%20adabiyotlar/Tez%20yordam/Favqulodda%20vaziyatlarda%20tez%20tibbiy%20yordam%20asoslari%20\(Y-Allayorov,%20Y-Tojiboyev\).pdf](https://e-library.sammu.uz/uploads/books/Uzbek%20tilidagi%20adabiyotlar/Tez%20yordam/Favqulodda%20vaziyatlarda%20tez%20tibbiy%20yordam%20asoslari%20(Y-Allayorov,%20Y-Tojiboyev).pdf)
4. Dadaboyev, H. (2019). Computational Linguistics: Textbook [Electronic Textbook]. Tashkent: Ministry of Higher and Secondary Specialized Education of Uzbekistan. https://tsuull.uz/sites/default/files/kompyuterlingmuvofiknashr19doc_0.pdf
5. Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan “On Raising the Quality Level of Reliable Protection of the Population and Territories in Emergency Situations to a New Stage” (PD-185, 20.10.2025).
6. Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan “On Digitizing the Sphere of Emergency Protection and Developing Scientific and Innovative Activities” (PR-311, 20.10.2025).

MUNDARIJA		
I SHO‘BA. TARJIMASHUNOSLIKNING DOLZARB MASALALARI		
1.	Zuhriddin ISOMIDDINOV. Bizdagi tarjima muammolari	5
2.	Uzoq JO‘RAQULOV. O‘zbek tarjimachiligi istiqbollari	9
3.	Xurram RAHIMOV. Alisher Navoiyning “Munojot” asari tarixi, tabdili va tarjimalari xususida	14
4.	Олимджон КАСИМОВ, Мартаба СУЛТОНЗОДА. Некоторые лингвистические особенности перевода лексем «Шахнаме» на русский язык	17
5.	Ne‘matilla OTAJONOV. Eiji Mano – boburshunos olim	22
6.	Rukhsana IFTIKHAR. Beautification of Mughal women	26
7.	Наталья ФИЛИМОНОВА. Возможности перевода при работе иностранных учащихся с художественным текстом: начальный этап изучения русского языка	30
8.	Kosimboy MAMUROV, Nargiza TILAKOVA Functional syntax and mystical semantics: correlating syntaxemes with sufi concepts in Alisher Navai’s Uzbek and English ghazals	34
9.	Xayrulla HAMIDOV. Muslimbek Yo‘ldoshevning tarjimonlik mahorati	38
10.	Ирода СИДДИКОВА. К вопросу взаимосвязи психолингвистики и художественного перевода	43
11.	Xayrulla HAMIDOV, Zulfizarxon QORAXO‘JAYEVA. Nafisiyning “Jannatning yarim yo‘lida” asaridagi personaj portretining tarjimada berilishi	46
12.	Абдумажид МАДРАИМОВ, Аскарый МАДРАИМОВ. Вопросы перевода научного наследия Захириддина Мухаммада Бабура и традиция перевода в библиотеке Акбара в XVI веке	51
13.	Supriya BANERJEE, Iroda UMAROVA Reimagining classics: Tagore, translation and the global reader	54
14.	Ziyodaxon TESHABOYEVA. “Boburnoma”da milliy-madaniy xususiyatli til birliklar va ularning inglizcha tarjimalari	58
15.	Zulhumor MIRZAEVA. Politics under the mask of poetics: Chulpon’s translations in the 1920s-1930s	62
16.	Abdumajid MAMADALIYEV. Badiiy matn tarjimasida milliy koloritni ifodalash muammosi	72
17.	Muhammadjon ABDUVALIYEV. Sinxron tarjimashunoslikning zamonaviy masalalari	74
18.	Мұратбек БАҒИЛА, Кәмшат АЙМАҒАМБЕТОВА. Қазақ тілін оқыту әдістемесінің жаңа парадигмалары	80
19.	Shermurod SUBHON. Ijodiy kengashlarda	84

20.	Shermurod SUBHON. Kitobxon oldida mas’uliyat	97
21.	Murtazo SAYDUMAROV, Mahmudaxon SAYDUMAROVA. O‘zbek adabiyotining ilk romani tarjimalarida lingvomadaniy xususiyatlar va semantik o‘zgarishlar	100
22.	Mahmadiyor ASADOV. Tarjima – qiyosiy adabiyotshunoslikning tadqiqot obyekti	107
23.	Toshtemir ALIMOV. Gender as a linguistic and cultural parameter in literary translation	113
24.	Tozagul MATYOQUBOVA. Ilk hasbi hol qasida va uning o‘zbek tarjimoni	116
25.	Dilafruz MUHAMMADIYEVA. “Boburnoma”ning turkcha tarjimasi bilan bog‘liq muammolar	120
26.	Umida TURAeva. Some challenges of translating forensic terminology between English and Uzbek	125
27.	Елена ПАНОВА. Мифопоэтическая традиция и проблемы перевода и функционирования онимов в волшебной повести «Алиса в стране чудес» Л. Кэрролла	128
28.	Gulnoz MAMARASULOVA. Siyosiy matn tarjimasining lingvokulturologik jihatlari	137
29.	Эльнора БАГАВОВА. Эволюция переводческих теорий: от традиционных подходов к современным тенденциям	140
30.	Dilfuza KHUDAIBERDIEVA. Translation studies: traditional and modern approaches	144
31.	Gulnoz MAMARASULOVA, Ruxshona CHO‘LIYEVA. Diplomatiik matnlarning tarjimada ifodalanishi	148
32.	Dilshod AMIRQULOV. Tarjimashunoslikda til tipologiyasi asosida komparativ yondashuv	151
33.	Tozagul NASRULLAEVA. Literary translation as interpretation: on the basis of Dreiser’s literary works	154
34.	Мохира ЭШКУВАТОВА, Достонбек АХМАДОВ. Роль лингвострановедческого компонента в обучении переводу	156
35.	Islom TURDIYEV. Ingliz va o‘zbek tillaridagi ayrim ish yuritish terminlarining tarjima talqinidagi muammolari	160
36.	Фотима УМИРЗАКОВА. Проблемы традиционных и современных подходов в немецком переводе	163
37.	Shohsanam BEKMURATOVA. Maqollar tarjimasida tarjimonlarining lingvomadaniy yondashuvlari	166
II SHO‘BA. QIYOSIY TILSHUNOSLIK MASALALARI		
38.	Sayed Mohamed Ahmad KORAYEM. Principles for developing comparative linguistic studies	171
39.	Nedim BAKIRCI. Milli kimlik in’shasinda halk biliminin ishlevi	183
40.	Farhad RAHIMI. Beş, bel, bilek, elik/ el ve ilik kelimelerinin etimolojik ve anlamsal bağlantilari	190

41.	Farhad RAHIMI. Nezirali'nin Çağatay türkçesi sözlüğünün yanlışları üzerine iii	196
42.	Сырга ОРУНБАЕВА, Долон МАЛДЫБАЕВ, Сагынбек ОРУНБАЕВ, Минаим МЫРЗАКМАТОВА, Жумакадыр КАРАМОЛДОЕВ. Горы и их лингвистические особенности: типология высот и культурных различий	215
43.	Saodat MUHAMMEDOVA, Kosimboy MAMUROV. Reforming the Uzbek latin alphabet: balancing phonology and global usability	221
44.	Jamoliddin YOQUBOV. O‘zbek va fransuz tillarida “ona” leksemasi ifodalanishining lingvomadaniy xususiyatlari	223
45.	Valijon VOSITOV. Inkor kategoriyasi lingvistik voqelik sifatida	228
46.	Khushnuda SAMIGOVA. Identifying the semantic component of affectionate form	230
47.	Nargiza DOSBAYEVA. Specific features of intercultural interaction in the course of teaching foreign languages	234
48.	Наргиза РАШИДОВА. Арабские заимствования в узбекском языке	237
49.	Ulugbek KARIMOV. Evolution of the cyborg in 21st-century science fiction	240
50.	Kamola ABDULLOEVA. Diskursiv shaxsning grafik vositalar orqali aks etishi	243
51.	Malohat BADALBAYEVA. The special lexicon of emergency situations in global linguistics	246
52.	Nargiza MIRZALIYEVA. Abdulla Qahhor va Ernest Xeminguey hikoyalari qahramonlarining o‘ziga xos xususiyatlari: badiiy tahlil va qiyosiy yondashuv	250
53.	Azizjon SHARIPOV. Yozma manbalarda Hirotning tarixiy toponimikasiga doir ma’lumotlar: Shohrux Mirzo davri	253
54.	Марина ИСКАКОВА. Тюркоязычный мир от древности	263
55.	Nargiza YUSUPOVA. The impact of artificial intelligence on comparative philology and translation studies	268
56.	Feruzaxon KARIMOVA. Aksiolingvistikada ma’naviy qadriyatlar talqini	272
57.	Zebiniso BEKMURADOVA. O‘zbek va fransuz maqollaridagi xiazmlarning stilistik, semantik va lingvokulturologik tahlili	276
58.	Sabohat QAHHAROVA. Yassaviy hikmatlarining lingvokulturologik tahlili	279
59.	Dildora KENJAYEVA. “Boburnoma”da antroponimlarning etimologik o‘ziga xosligi	283
60.	Gulchexra IBRAGIMOVA. Ingliz tilida abbreviatura va akronimlarning lingvistik tahlili	287
61.	Asror YUSUPOV. Lug‘at maqolasi strukturasi nazariyasining rivojlanishi	289

III SHO‘BA. QIYOSIY ADABIYOTSHUNOSLIK MASALALARI		
62.	Islamjan YAKUBOV. Rudakiy adabiy-estetik qarashlari va lirik qahramon kechinmalari	293
63.	Islamjan YAKUBOV. Tragik konflikt, tragik holat va tragik qahramon	299
64.	Dilnavoz YUSUPOVA, Kemal Yavuz ATAMAN. Uch tazkira qiyosi	308
65.	Gulnoz XALLIEVA, Sitora SHAHOBOVA. “Middlemarch” va “Anna Karenina” asarlarida ayol obrazining o‘rni	316
66.	Bahodir XOLIQOV. Britaniya adabiyoti va o‘zbek mifologiyasida daydi yog‘dularning badiiy xususiyatlari	320
67.	Gulnoz XALLIYEVA, Farangizbonu ADAMOVA. “Jek Raymond” romanida Jek obrazi tahlili	323
68.	Nuriddin ALTINBOYEV. Qiyosiy tahlilda tipologiya va ta’sir fenomeni	326
69.	Gulnoz XALLIYEVA, Iroda ABDULLAYEVA. The nature of satirical characters in the works of Jonathan Swift	330
70.	Mohinur SOTVOLDIYEVA, Gulnoz KHALLIEVA. The poetics and typology of father figures in world literature: a comparative study	333
71.	Xafiza KUCHKAROVA. Badiiy adabiyotda peyzajning o‘rni	336
72.	Dilafro‘z QAHNAROVA. Zamonaviy o‘zbek qissachiligi: xalq an’analari va yangi badiiy shakllar	340
73.	Elmira HAZRATQULOVA. Temuriylar davri adabiy muhitida ustoz-shogird munosabatlari	344
74.	Тоҳир ТУРДИБОЕВ, Нигора ЖЎРАЕВА. Беҳбудий таълимотида ижтимоий-маърифий масалалар	347
75.	Ma’suma OVIDJONOVA. Ingliz va o‘zbek adabiyotida ilmiy fantastikaning narratologik asoslari	351
76.	Эльмира АДИБЕКОВА, Сўлтан САНИЯТ. Türk masallarında hayvan motifleri: geyik motifinin kültürel yansimalari	357
77.	Эльмира АДИБЕКОВА, Сая БЕРІКҚЫЗЫ. Türk-islam kimliginin sembolü olarak Носа Ahmet Yesevi türbesi	368
78.	Эльмира АДИБЕКОВА, Гүлнұр ЕСЕНГЕЛДІ. Karaşaş Ana türbesi ve halk inançlarında kadın Evliya imgesi	375
79.	Дильфуза МАМЕТОВА, Малика ПРИСТАЕВА. Keloğlan ile padişahin kizi masalinin Anadolu, Uygur, Gagavuz varyantlarında kahraman ideali	383
80.	Карлыгаш БОРБАСОВА, Какимжан БИШМАНОВ, Мира БАЛТЫМОВА. Сравнительный анализ текстов Корана, Библии и Торы по проблеме межрелигиозного диалога и укрепления общенационального единства	394
81.	Улжан ТУНГАТОВА, Алуа АЛШЕР. Сравнительный анализ идей толерантности в Коране и Библии	400
82.	Ляззат АЛИЕВА, Möldir NIŞANHAN. Masalların mitolojik mirasi: şamanizm ve islam’in izleri	404

83.	Ынтымакгул НУРМАГОМБЕТОВА. Бейсенбай Кенжебаев зерттеулеріндегі қазақ және түркі әдеби мұраларының тарихи-филологиялық зерделенуі	412
84.	Saltanat YERALIYEVA. The writing of Khoja Akhmet Yasawi’s “Diwani hikmet” in turkic language	420
85.	Yorqinoy ISMONOVA. Bola timsolining roman obrazlari tizimidagi o‘rni	423
86.	Динара САЗАНОВА. “Диуани хикмет” мәтніндегі сопылық терминдердің рухани-философиялық мағынасы	427
87.	Шахноза КАРИМОВА, Жұлдыз МҮСІРКЕП. Akbura Evliya türbesi: türk-islam mimarisi ve halk inanci arasindaki bağ	433
88.	Bahodir ABSAMADOV. Shekspirning “Venetsiya savdogari” asarida komik adolat va axloqiy kinoya	440
89.	Ghalib ZEYAD. The evolution of Uzbek language, literature, and culture: the enduring legacy of Alisher Navai	445
90.	Axror QODIROV. O‘zbek qissachiligida xarakter va kolliziya: Qo‘Chqor Norqobil ijodi misolida XX–XXI asr badiiy talqinlarining evolyutsiyasi	451
91.	Мұратбек БАҒИЛА, Қанзада ЖҮБАНЫШЕВА. Тілді деңгейлік оқыту жүйесінің ғылыми негіздері	457
92.	Sevinchoy YOQUBOVA. G‘oyaviy-badiiy konsepsiya va poetik obrazlar hissiy tonalligi	461
93.	Munira KARIMOVA. The poetics of human and animal characters in Uzbek prose	472
<p>IV SHO‘BA. KOMPARATIVISTIKA VA METODIKA: TIL, ADABIYOT TA‘LIMI TIPOLOGIYASI</p>		
94.	Назаркул ИШЕКЕЕВ, Рима ЗАЙЫРКУЛОВА. Ааламдашуу доорунда медициналык багытта окуп жаткан чет элдик студенттерге «Манас» эпосу жана «Махабхарата» эпосундагы идеяларды салыштыруу менен тарбиялоонун мүмкүнчүлүктөрү	480
95.	Ирина ЯНОВСКАЯ. Формирование риторической компетенции в системе профессиональной подготовки студентов нефилологических специальностей	487
96.	Лариса БАСОВА, Светлана ДРАЧЕВА. Повышение качества обучения русскому языку в странах постсоветского пространства: опыт Тюменского государственного университета	490
97.	Айгул АЙТБЕНБЕТОВА, Нургул ЖОЛДАСОВА. Қазақ тілін оқытудағы цифрлық ресурстар: тиімділігі мен болашағы	494
98.	Muxabbat MATQURBONOVA, Umida YANGIBOYEVA. Ikki tillilik sharoitida o‘zbek tili ta’limining komparativ tahlili	498
99.	Зулхумар ЖУМАНОВА. Роль алгоритмов в формировании навыков устной и письменной речи студентов	500
100.	Максим ЧИКОВ, Диляра ЗАРИПОВА. Проблемы подготовки специалистов в тройке языков русский-английский-узбекский и пути решения	504
101.	Раъно ИСАМУТДИНОВА. Система упражнений для развития навыков устной речи на занятиях по русскому как иностранному	509

102.	Зулфия КУРБАНОВА. Методика работы с текстом на занятиях по русскому как иностранному	513
103.	Nilufar BURIYEVA. Sun’iy intellekt vositalari asosida o’quvchilarning lingvokulturologik kompetentligini rivojlantirish metodikasi	516
104.	Шахло УРИНОВА. Методика формирования лексической компетенции студентов в процессе изучения русского как иностранного	520
105.	Gulnoz MAMARASULOVA. Geopolitical meanings in media discourse	524
	V SHO’BA. КОМПАРАТИВИСТИКА YOSH TADQIQOTCHILAR NIGOHIDA	
106.	Saida SULTANOVA. Badiiy tarjimaga o’rgatishda an’anaviy va zamonaviy yondashuvlarning ahamiyati	529
107.	Зухра МОЛДАБАЕВА, Айжан ЖАНҒЫЛЫШ. Коммуникативтік құзыреттілікті қалыптастырудағы инновациялық әдістер	533
108.	Barno ABDULLAYEVA. “Boburnoma”ning xorijiy tillarga tarjima qilinishi	539
109.	Zilola ERGASHEVA. The transformation of translation practices through artificial intelligence technologies	544
110.	Dilfuza ZOYIROVA, Aziza YORIQULOVA. Tarjima jarayonida ekvivalentlik tamoyilining an’anaviy talqinlari	547
111.	Anvar MIRZAQULOV. Ikkinchi jahon urushidan so’ng sinxron tarjimaning paydo bo’lishi va rivojlanishi	549
112.	Shuhrat MULADJANOV. Different approaches to the lingua-stylistic analysis in literary translation	552
113.	Gulshan ERGASHEVA. Tarjimashunoslikda an’anaviy va zamonaviy yondashuvlar: o’zbek va nemis tilidagi frazeologizmlar talqinida	555
114.	Dilnoza SHONAZAROVA. Xabarlar tarjimasi va lokalizatsiyasi	559
115.	Умида МУХАММАДИЕВА. Язык и культура: трудности перевода национально-культурных особенностей	562
116.	Gulnoza XUDAYQULOVA. Badiiy asarlarni tarjima qilishda uchraydigan ba’zi frazeologik muammolar	567
117.	Shoira XODJAYEVA. Bilvosita tarjimaning muammolari: an’anaviy va zamonaviy yondashuvlar	570
118.	Djamila BEGJANOVA. Paremiologik birliklar tarjimasida lingvokulturologik ekvivalentlik	573
119.	Shaxnoza IBRAGIMOVA. Linguistic representations of characters and peculiarities of translating their original names in “A farewell to arms”	577
120.	Fazilat XABIBULLAYEVA. Mumtoz adabiy manbalar tarjimasida: arxaik leksika jahon tarjimashunosligi kontekstida	580
121.	Maftuna RO’ZMETOVA. Fentezi adabiyoti tarjimasida madaniy konnotatsiyalarning ifodalanishi	584
122.	Maftuna SAPAROVA. “Al-qistosu-l-mustaqim fi ilmi-l-arud” asarining ingliz tilidagi tarjimasida xususida	588